# **S**CRATCES



Main project results

24th November 2021



# SCRATCES

## Solar Calcium looping integRAtion for Thermo-Chemical Energy Storage



## Context



## **CSP** main research lines

Cost reduction: equipment CAPEX and/or higher efficiencies

Improving dispatchability -

- **40%** of current CSP plants with thermal storage
- CSP under development approx. 80% with thermal storage
- At commercial scale based on Molten salts or Ruth steam accumulators
  - ANDASOL I: 28,500 tons of molten salt. 60% sodium nitrate, 40% potassium nitrate. 1,010 MWh.

Environmental sustainability







## **Thermochemical Energy Storage Calcium-Looping (CaL)**

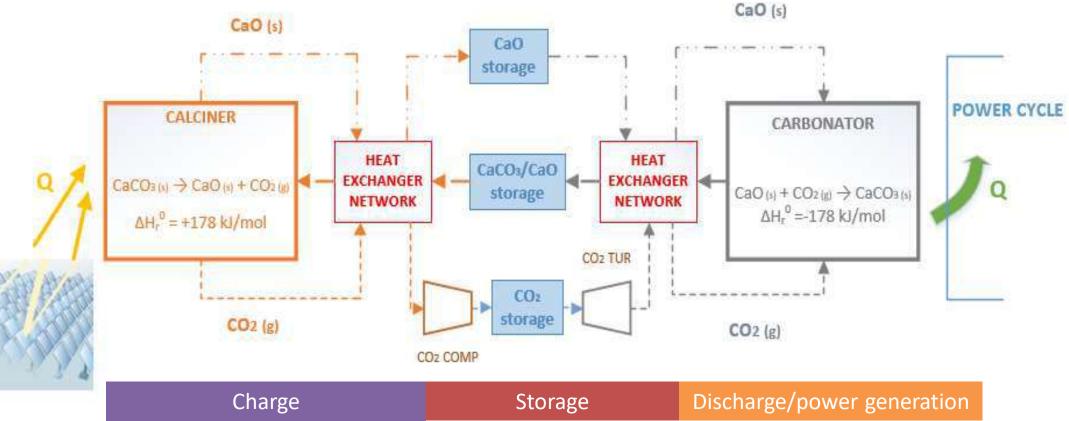


Calcium-Looping (CaL)
calcination
$CaCO \rightarrow CaO \rightarrow \pm CO \rightarrow $
$CaCO_{3(s)} \rightarrow CaO_{(s)} + CO_{2(g)}$
$\Delta H_r$ =+178 kJ/mol
carbonation
$CaO_{(s)} + CO_{2(g)} \rightarrow CaCO_{3(s)}$
$\Delta H_r$ =-178 kJ/mol
SCRATCE

Research & Innovation, under Grant Agreement no.727348.

## **CSP-CaL Concept**





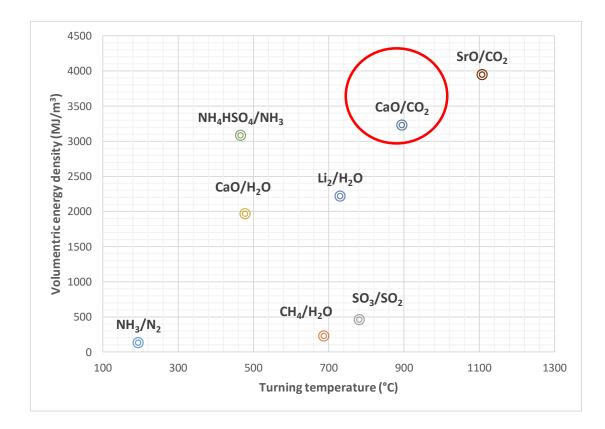
R Chacartegui, A Alovisio, C Ortiz, JM Valverde, V Verda, JA Becerra, Thermochemical energy storage of concentrated solar power by integration of the calcium looping process and a CO<sub>2</sub> power cycle, Applied energy 173, 589-605

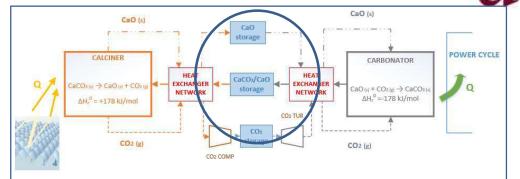


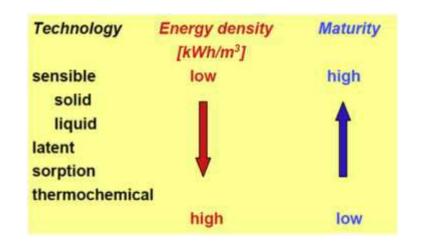




**1. High energy density** 







Kuravi et al. (2013)



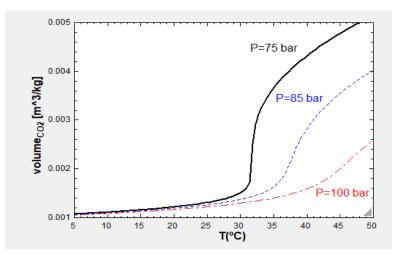


#### 2. Low-temperature energy storage

- ✓ Minimizes thermal losses
- ✓ Reduces parasitic consumption of auxiliaries
- ✓ Capacity for seasonal storage
- ✓ Increases capacity factor

Molten salts  $\rightarrow$  T min Storage  $\sim$ 200°C

#### CO<sub>2</sub> storage





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#### Different solids storage strategies









3. Abundant and stable materials  $\rightarrow$  limestone, dolomite, etc.

Abundant and widely available
Non-hazardous or contaminant



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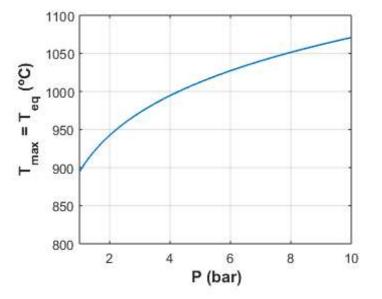




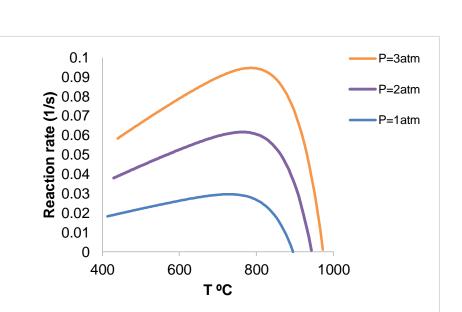
## **CSP-CaL – Advantages and opportunities**

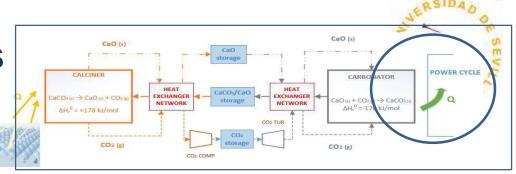
#### 4. High temperature exothermic reaction

- ✓ Energy delivery at high temperature 650-1000 $^{\circ}$ C as a function of CO<sub>2</sub> partial pressure
- ✓ An advantage compared with molten salts  $\rightarrow$ T máx ~550-600°C due to salts degradation
- $\checkmark\,$  Integration of high-efficiency power cycles





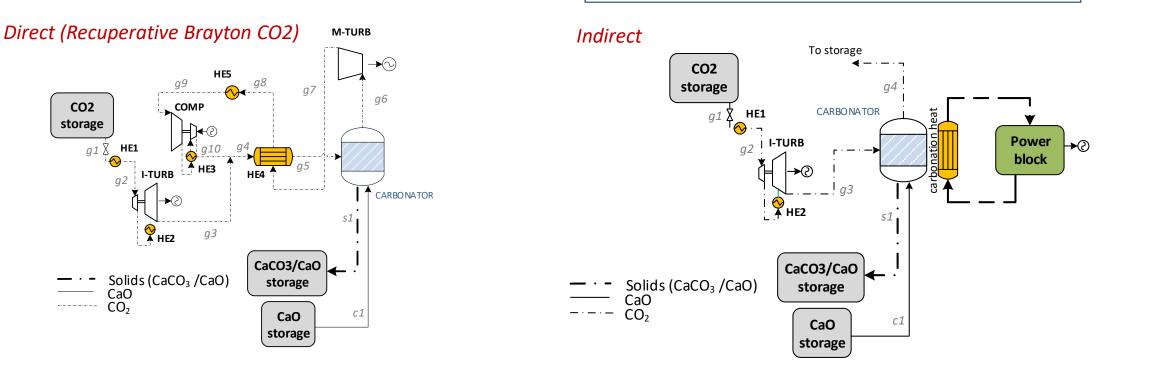






#### 5. Direct and indirect integration of power cycles

- $\checkmark\,$  Flexibility for design and operation
- $\checkmark\,$  Based on the high temperature of the reaction



CALCINER

 $aCO_{310} \rightarrow CaO_{10} + CO_{20}$ 

 $\Delta H_r^0 = +178 \text{ kJ/mc}$ 

CO2 (g)

HEAT

NETWORK

C Ortiz, R Chacartegui, JM Valverde, A Alovisio, JA Becerra, **Power cycles integration in concentrated solar power plants with energy storage based on calcium looping**, Energy Conversion and Management 149, 815-829 2017



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CaO (s)

CO2 (g)

HEAT

EXCHANG

NETWOR

CO2 TUR

CaCO<sub>3</sub>/CaO

CARBON

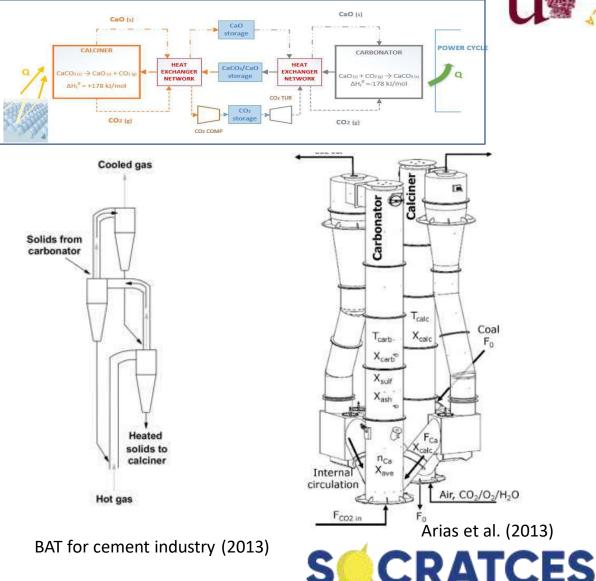
∆H,0 =-178 k

OWER CYCL

0



- 6. Materials y equipment used at an industrial scale
  - Proximity with cement industry
  - -Calciner (solar integration)
  - -Entrained flow reactors
  - -Closed CO<sub>2</sub> Brayton cycle
  - -Solids transport
  - -Cyclons
  - -Storage tanks







### **Main Challenges**

- **1.** Solar calciner. High-temperature receivers
  - i) Particles residence time
  - ii) Particles circulation within the system
  - iii) Closed CO<sub>2</sub> loop operation
  - iv) Thermal gradients control
  - v) Continuous operation for scaling up

Particles solar receivers High-temperature

CaO

CaCO<sub>3</sub>/CaC

storage

CO2 COM

NET

 $CO_{3(4)} \rightarrow C_{8O(4)} + CO_{10}$ 

 $\Delta H_r^0 = +178 \text{ kJ/mo}$ 

CaO (s)

CO2 (g)

HEAT

NETWORK

EXCHANG

CARBONATOR

 $aO_{(s)} + CO_{2(g)} \rightarrow CaCO_{3}$ 

 $\Delta H_r^0 = -178 \text{ kJ/mol}$ 

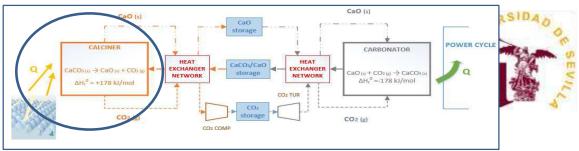
OWER CYCLE

Q

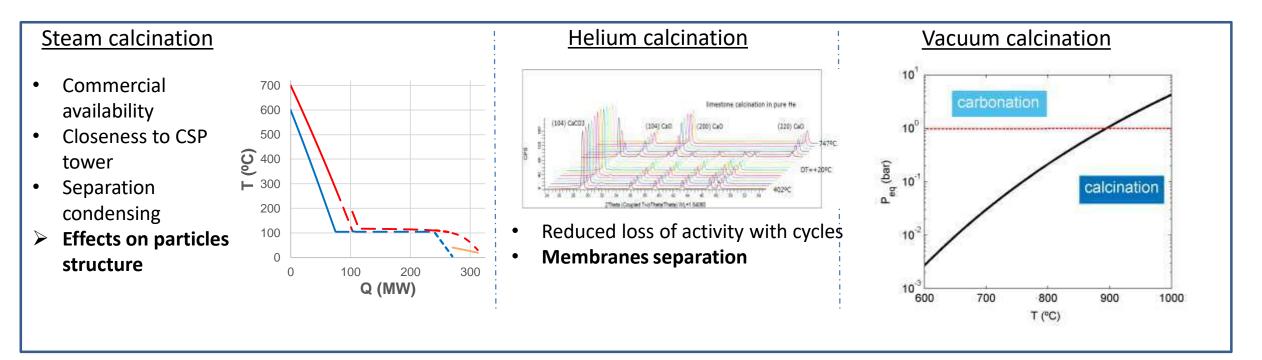




### **Main Challenges**



#### Alternatives for reducing the calcination temperature







#### **Main Challenges**

#### 2. Multicyclic CaO conversion

$$CaO_{(s)} + CO_2 \rightarrow CaCO_{3(s)} \qquad \Delta H_r^0 = -179, 2 \frac{kJ}{mol}$$

#### **Deactivation with the number of cycles**

It affects to plant performance

$$X = \frac{mol\ CaO\ reacted}{mol\ CaO\ in} = \frac{mol\ CaCO_3\ produced}{mol\ CaO\ in}$$

$$CO_2$$
 captured =  $CaCO_3$  formed =  $CaO \cdot X$ 

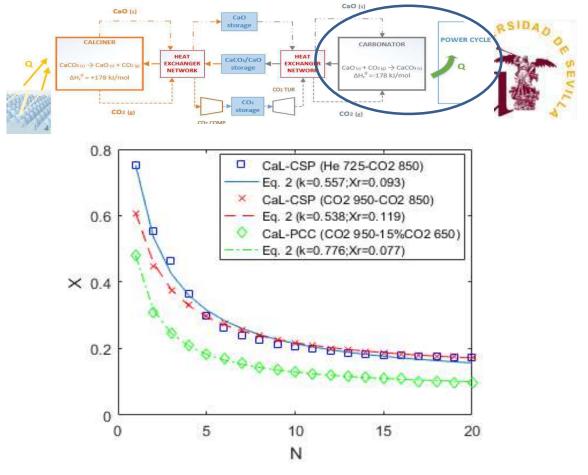
(1 - X) = solids inerts

Efficiency penalty

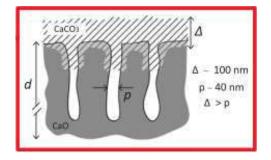
Deactivation is highly dependent on the design conditions of reactors, material and processes



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B Sarrión, A Perejón, PE Sánchez-Jiménez, N Amghar, R Chacartegui, ..., Calcination under low CO2 pressure enhances the calcium Looping performance of limestone for thermochemical energy storage, Chemical Engineering Journal, 127922,2020





## Summary of main benefits of CaL Storage concept (SOCRATCES)



1) CaO precursors:

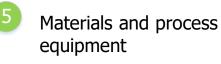


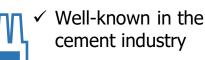
✓ Low price✓ wide availability✓ harmlessness

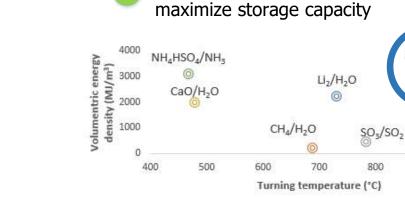


Reactants and products can be stored at ambient temperature









Carbonation for generating

heat ~650-1000°C

High energy density to

✓ High efficient generation of electricity

CaO/CO,

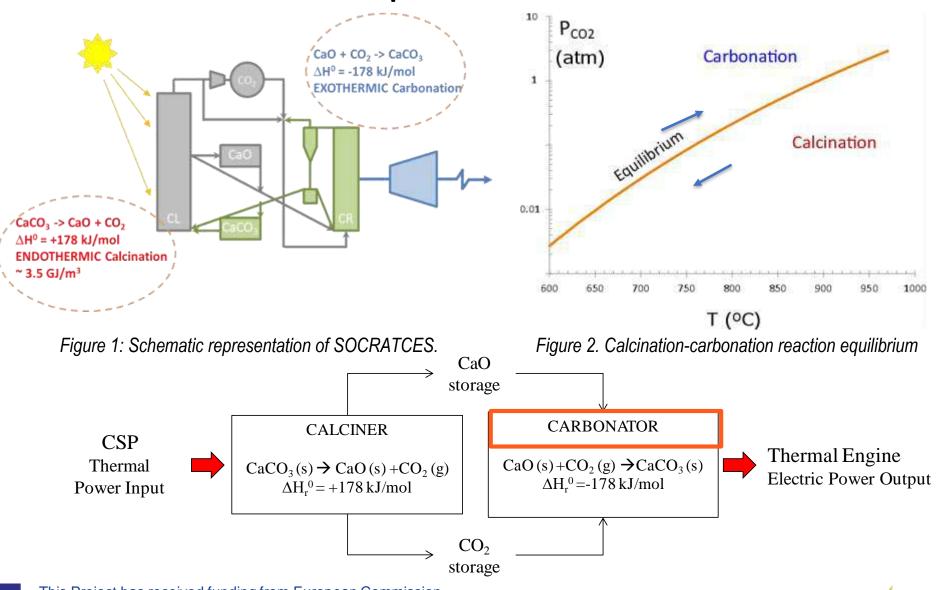
900

1000



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#### **SOCRATCES** operation conditions









#### Material behauviour under SOCRATCES operation conditions



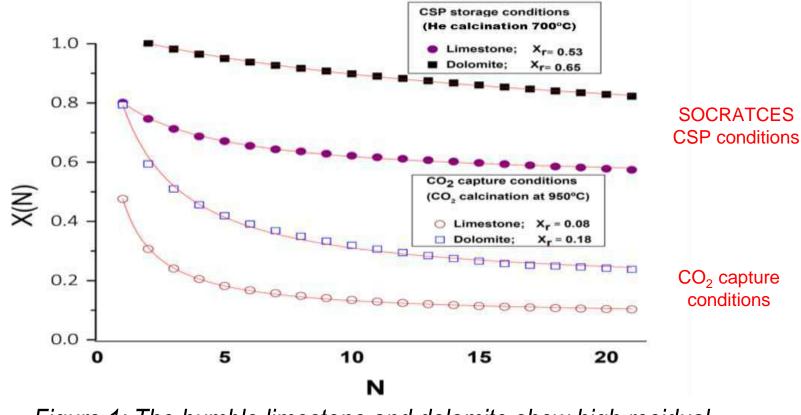


Figure 1: The humble limestone and dolomite show high residual conversion (Xr) at SOCRATCES conditions





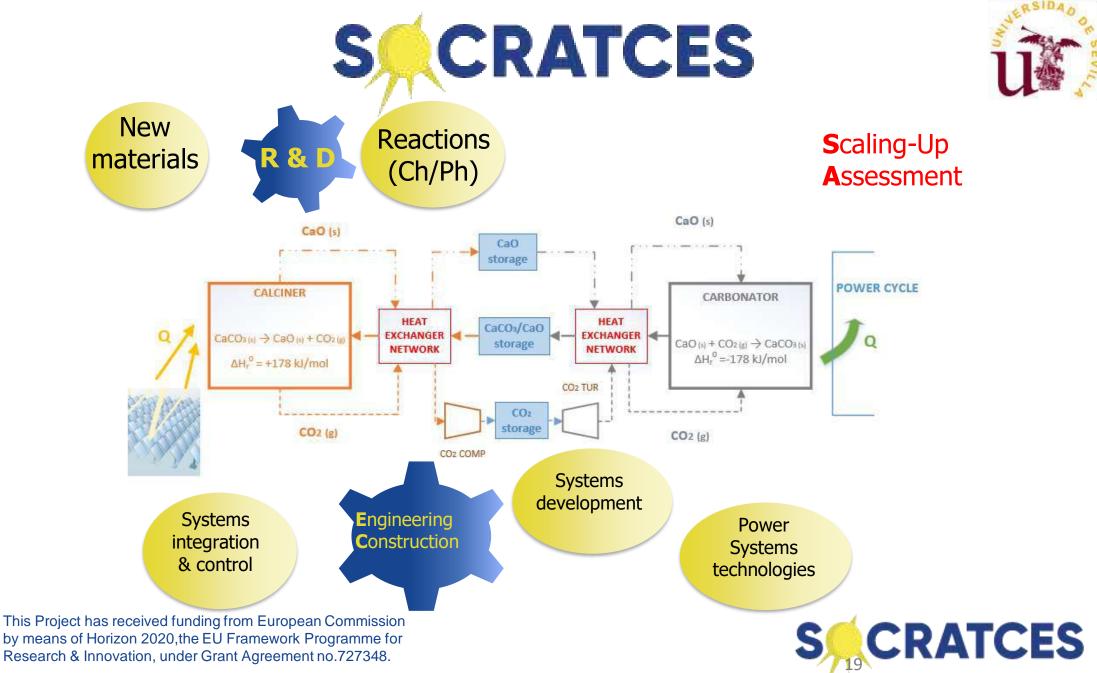
## Objectives.



- SOCRATCES global objective is to advance in the knowledge of the Calcium Looping (CaL) for thermochemical energy storage (TCES).
- The project develops prototypes of the different components and implements their integration in order to reduce the core risks of scaling up TCES-CaL technology, to identify and to solve challenges; to advance in the understanding of the processes and to optimize the performance of components and global systems with the longer-term goal of enabling highly competitive and sustainable TCES-CSP plants integrating the TCES-CaL technology.
- SOCRATCES is oriented to **generate new knowledge** about the whole CaL process: equipment, materials, reactions, transport, etc. in order **to identify and solve the challenges** for the development of the TCES-CaL system at a commercial scale of MWs.



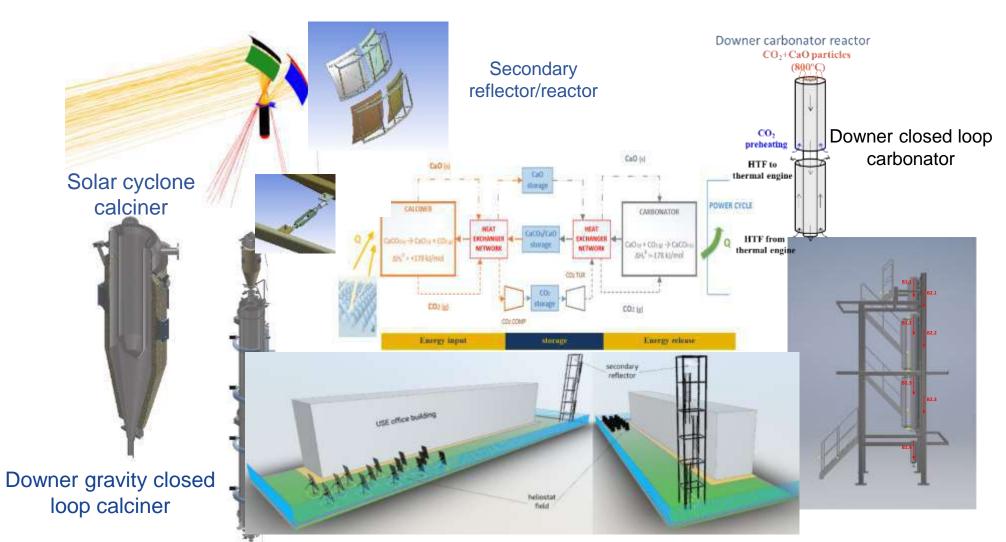




by means of Horizon 2020, the EU Framework Programme for Research & Innovation, under Grant Agreement no.727348.

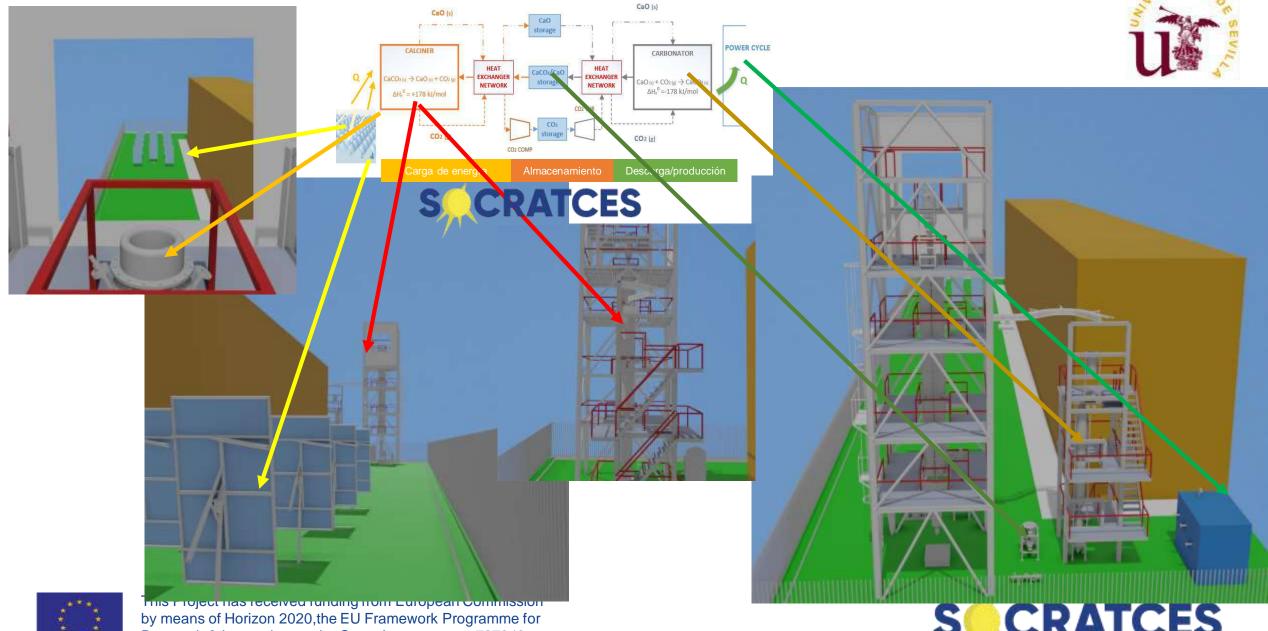
### **SOCRATCES** Prototypes. First of their kinds





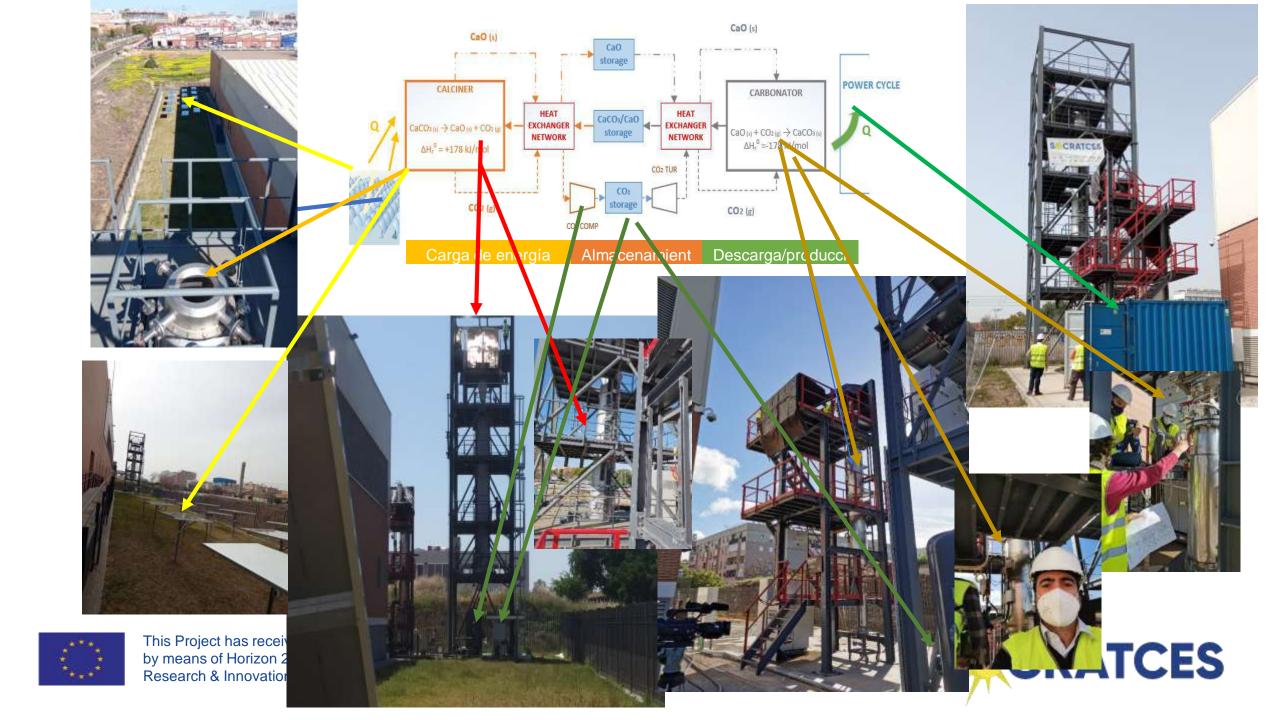






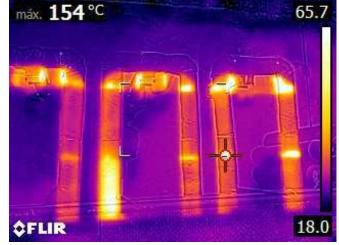
Research & Innovation, under Grant Agreement no.727348.

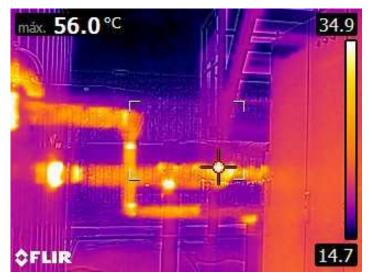
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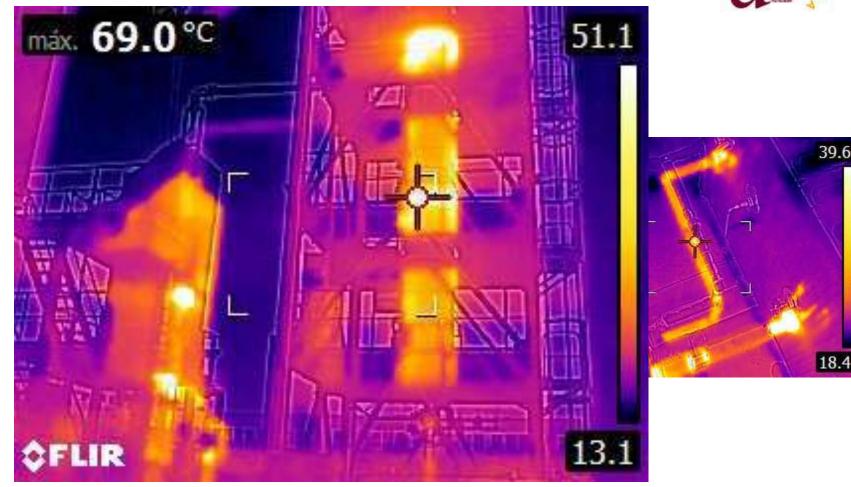


## And the pilot plant operates ....

















cination degree (%)

70

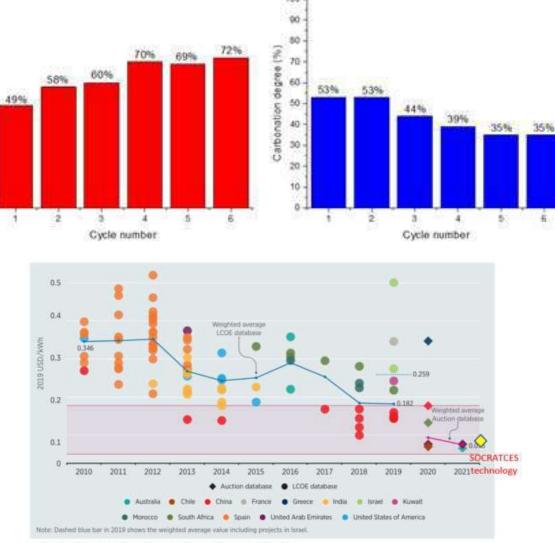
60

50

40

30

20



Source: IRENA Renewable Cost Database and IRENA Auction and PPA Database.

Figure 15: Levelised cost of electricity and auction price trends for CSP, 2010-2021[23]. Socratces technology positioning.



#### That combined with models, they predict a good performance at other scales



## **SOCRATCES** a 4 years journey





#### Solar Calcium – looping integRAtion for Thermo-Chemical Energy Storage



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#### **6th GENERAL ASSEMBLY**



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## SCRATCES https://socratces.eu/

Horizon Booster results

Prototype ready

Mar 21

Carbonator ready

Feb 21

Mar 21

Calciner

Nov 21

Jul 21

Final prototype evaluation

**End Project** 

Nov

### https://www.linkedin.com/company/socratces/



**Environmental and** 

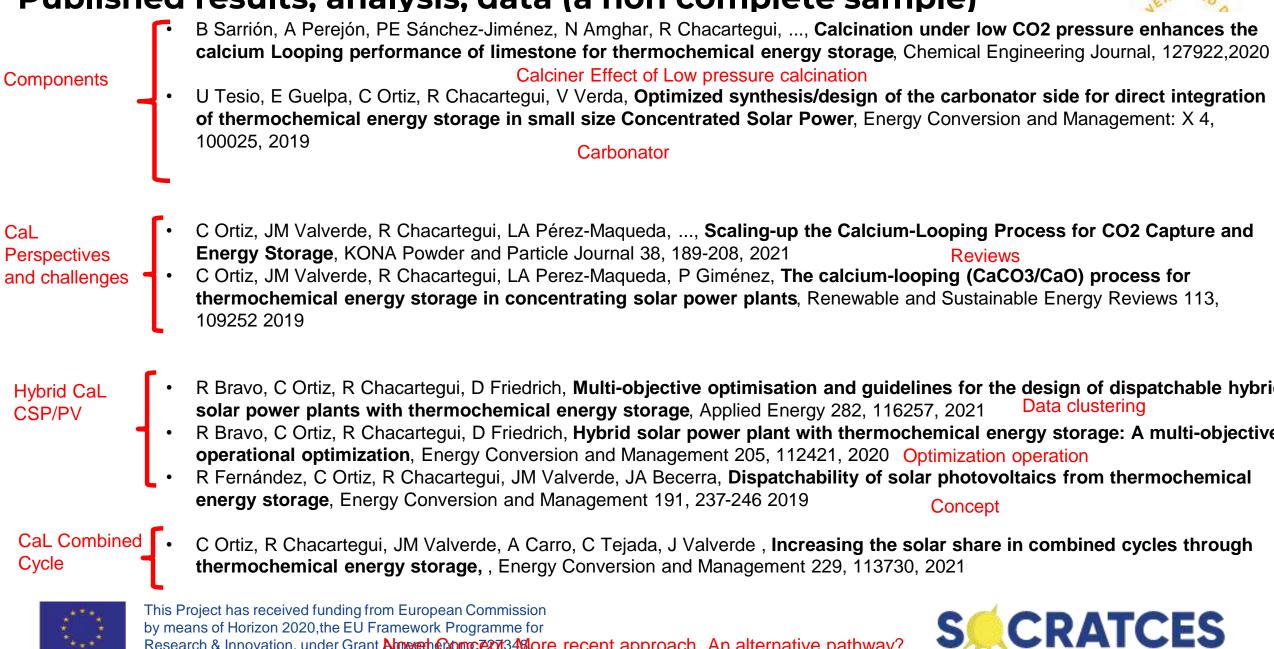
economic performance

## Published results, analysis, data (a non complete sample)



	_			
Integrations	[•	R Chacartegui, A Alovisio, C Ortiz, JM Valverde, V Verda, JA Becer integration of the calcium looping process and a CO2 power cyc	le, Applied energy 173, 589-605	First publication
Integrations and processes	•	A Alovisio, R Chacartegui, C Ortiz, JM Valverde, V Verda, <b>Optimiz</b> i		
		storage, Energy Conversion and Management 136, 85-98 2017	Seasonal sto	0
	<b>!</b>	C Ortiz, MC Romano, JM Valverde, M Binotti, R Chacartegui, <b>Proc</b> system in concentrating solar power plants, Energy 155, 535-553		
	•	C Ortiz, R Chacartegui, JM Valverde, A Alovisio, JA Becerra, <b>Powe</b> storage based on calcium looping, Energy Conversion and Manag	r cycles integration in concentrate	ed solar power plants with energy Power cycles analysis
	•	C Ortiz, M Binotti, MC Romano, JM Valverde, R Chacartegui, Off-	design model of concentrating sol	ar power plant with
	L	thermochemical energy storage based on calcium-looping, AIP (		
	ſ	C Ortiz, JM Valverde, R Chacartegui, LA Perez-Maqueda, Carbonat from kinetics to process integration in concentrating solar plants		
Materials	•	C Ortiz, JM Valverde, R Chacartegui, Energy Consumption for CO	2 Capture by means of the Calciur	n Looping Process: A Comparative
		Analysis using Limestone, Dolomite, and Steel Slag, Energy Tech Biomineralized materials		
	◀.	J Arcenegui-Troya, PE Sánchez-Jiménez, A Perejón, JM Valverde,	Calcium-Looping Performance of	Biomineralized CaCO3 for CO2
		Capture and Thermochemical Energy Storage, Industrial & Enginee		12924-12933, 2020
	•	B Sarrión, A Perejón, PE Sánchez-Jiménez, N Amghar, R Cha	acartegui, Calcination unde	r low CO2 pressure enhances
		the calcium Looping performance of limestone for thermo	$\mathbf{C}$	-
		127922,2020		Simoal Engineering coarnal,
			Low-Pressure Calcination	
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### Published results, analysis, data (a non complete sample)



Research & Innovation, under Grant Apprendict on Cept349 ore recent approach. An alternative pathway?

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Solar Calcium looping integRAtion for Thermo-Chemical Energy Storage

## THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

https://socratces.eu/



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## **Thanks for your attention**



